

Spot the Difference

**An Analysis of the New LODEINFO Campaign
by Earth Kasha**

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Introduction

Earth Kasha

- Trend Micro's official name of Intrusion Set using LODEINFO since 2019
- Until early 2023, Earth Kasha had been employing Spear-phishing email campaign to deliver LODEINFO targeting Japan
- Since early 2023, we have observed a new campaign with different TTPs and toolsets

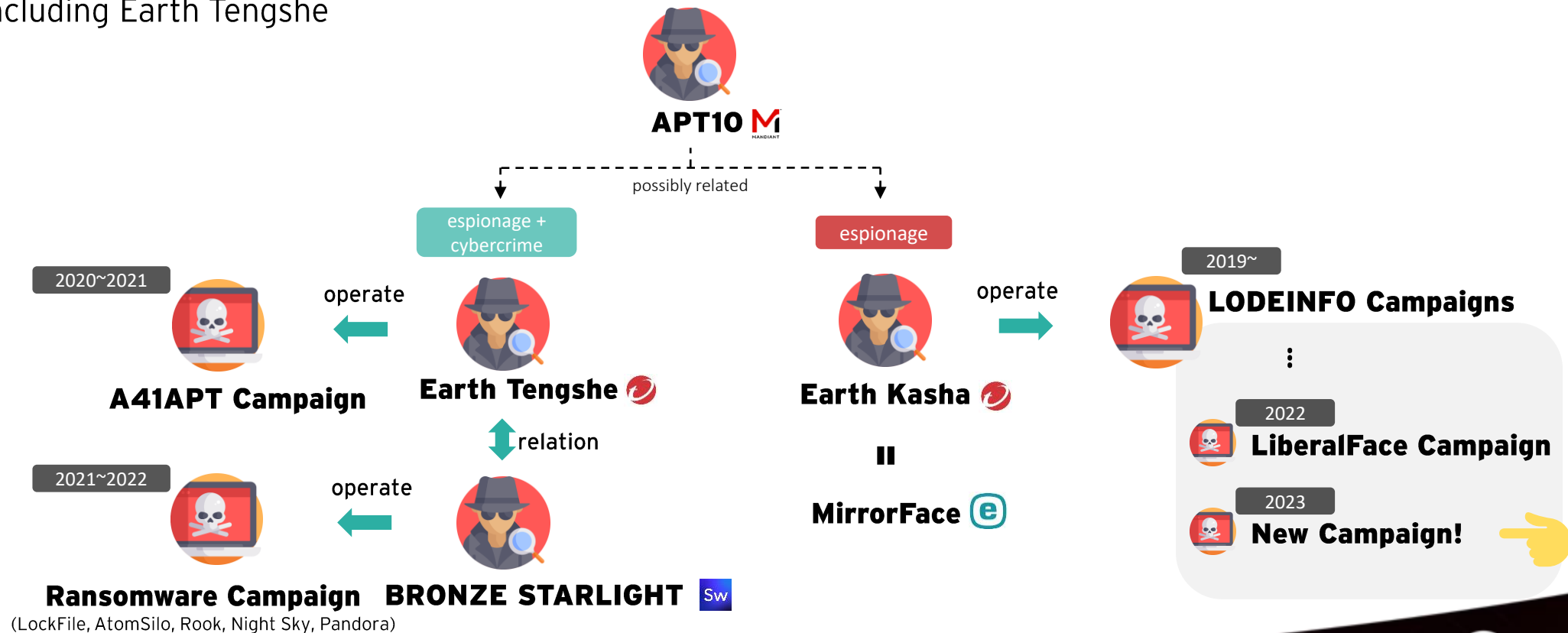
火車 (Kasha)



[https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Kasha_\(folklore\)#/media/File:SekienKasha.jpg](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Kasha_(folklore)#/media/File:SekienKasha.jpg)

APT10 Umbrella

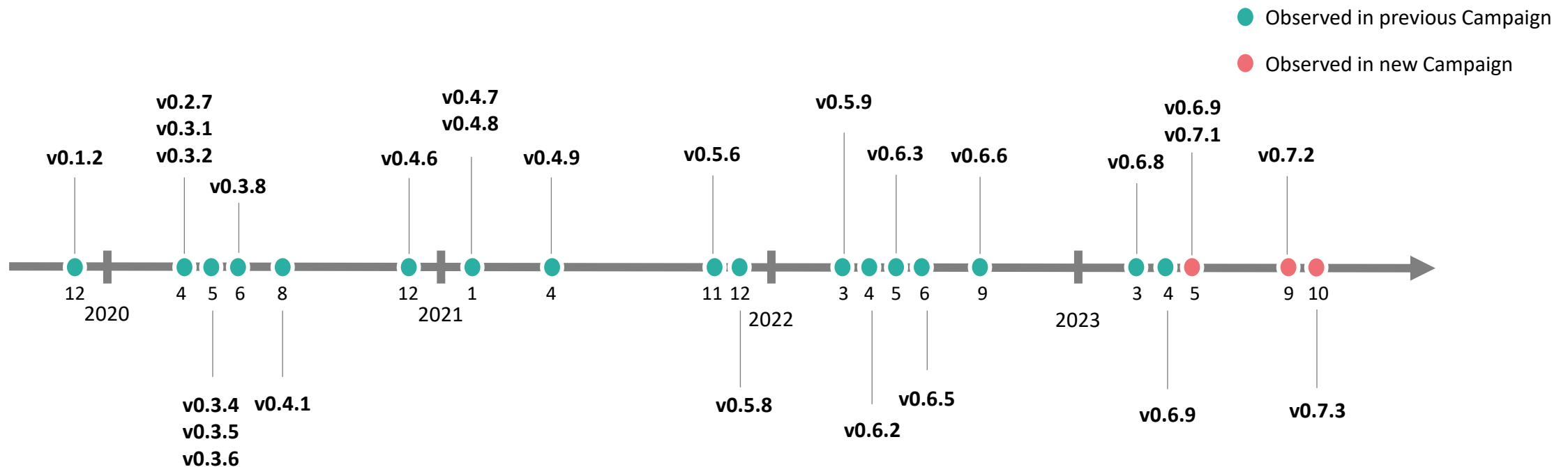
- Earth Kasha (= LODEINFO actor) has been reported to have connections with APT10 by Kaspersky and Macnica
- We believe Earth Kasha is not exactly same as the known APT10, but possibly belongs to “APT10 Umbrella” including Earth Tengshe



The New Campaign by Earth Kasha

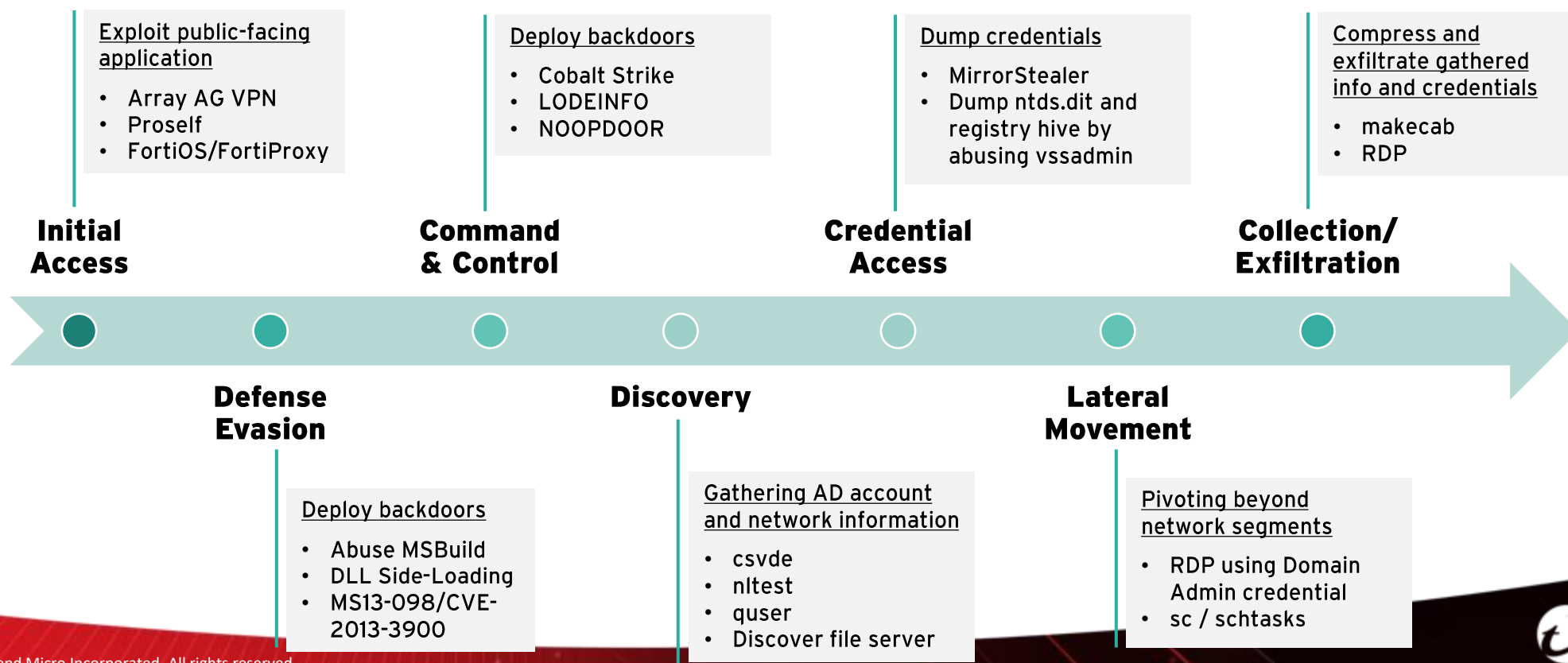
LODEINFO, Long (known) Story Short

- LODEINFO is a notable backdoor exclusively utilized by Earth Kasha, and is continuing to be actively developed
- As far as observed until early 2023, in all incidents, LODEINFO had been distributed using Spear-phishing email



New Campaign!

- Significant change on Initial Access that exploited public-facing application
- Targeting organizations related to advanced technology and government agencies in Japan, Taiwan and India since early 2023



Initial Access



- Exploited public-facing applications for Initial Access
 - SSL-VPN: Array AG (CVE-2023-28461), FortiOS/FortiProxy (CVE-2023-27997)
 - Online Storage: Proself (CVE-2023-45727)
- JPCERT has also released an alert about abusing these products
 - <https://www.jpcert.or.jp/at/2023/at230029.html>

access log to Array AG

```
2023/04/ 45.66.217.106
2023/04/ 45.66.217.106,
2023/04/ 45.66.217.106,
2023/04/ 45.66.217.106,
2023/04/ 45.66.217.106,
2023/04/ 45.66.217.106,
2023/04/ 45.66.217.106,
2023/04/ 45.66.217.106,
2023/04/ 45.66.217.106,
```

attacker's IP shared by JPCERT

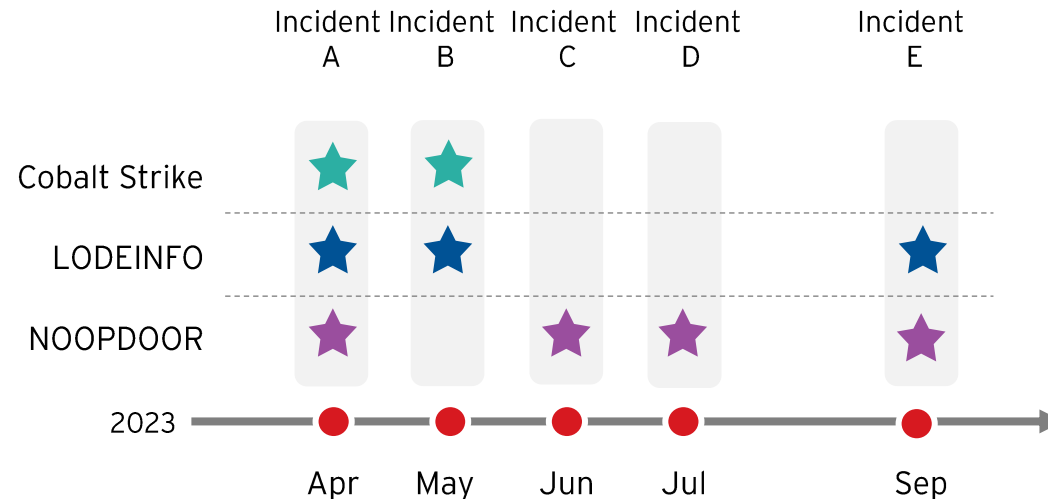
攻撃時期 : 2023年3月以降
インディケータ情報 : 不正アクセス元のIPアドレス

- 154[.]31[.]112[.]129
- 173[.]249[.]201[.]243
- 35[.]229[.]146[.]251
- 45[.]32[.]49[.]130
- 45[.]32[.]252[.]239
- 45[.]66[.]217[.]106
- 45[.]32[.]33[.]120
- 95[.]85[.]91[.]15
- 139[.]162[.]127[.]90
- 167[.]71[.]207[.]51
- 176[.]97[.]70[.]81
- 194[.]102[.]36[.]128

Command and Control

- As the payload, we observed 3 backdoors
 - Cobalt Strike
 - LODEINFO (v0.6.9, v0.7.1, v0.7.2 and v0.7.3)
 - NOOPDOOR NEW

Observed set of backdoors



Initial Access

Defense Evasion

Command and Control

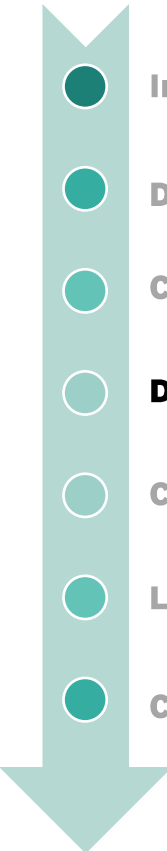
Discovery

Credential Access

Lateral Movement

Collection / Exfiltration

Discovery

- 
- Initial Access
 - Defense Evasion
 - Command and Control
 - Discovery**
 - Credential Access
 - Lateral Movement
 - Collection / Exfiltration

- Abuse legitimate tools shipped by MS for gathering AD network info

```
> csvde.exe -f all.csv -u  
> nltest.exe /domain_trust  
> quser.exe
```

- Discover file server to find system info

```
> dir \\<FILESERVER>\ /s  
> copy \\<FILESERVER>\Network Diagram.xlsx  
C:\Users\<USER>\Desktop\Network Diagram.xlsx
```

filenames are just an example, not actually observed one in incident

Credential Access (1)

Initial Access

Defense Evasion

Command and Control

Discovery

Credential Access

Lateral Movement

Collection / Exfiltration

- In AD server, dump SYSTEM hive and ntds.dit by abusing vssadmin

1. create ShadowCopy by vssadmin



2. Copy ntds.dit and SYSTEM hive from AD server to another machine

```
> copy \\<DC_IP>\c$\windows\temp\ntds.dit .  
> copy \\<DC_IP>\c$\windows\temp\system .
```

Credential Access (2)

MirrorStealer

- Multi-purpose credential stealer originally documented by ESET
- Target applications
 - Saved credentials in browsers (Chrome, Firefox, Edge, IE)
 - Saved credentials in Email client (Outlook, Thunderbird, Becky, Live Mail)
 - Saved credentials in Group Policy Preferences
 - Recent accessed server and saved credentials in SQL Server Management Studio (mru.dat, SqlStudio.bin)
- Stolen information will be saved in %temp%\31558.TXT

target application class

```
?AVCBecky2@@  
?AVCCredit@@  
?AVCGpp@@  
?AVCIE@@  
?AVCLiveMail@@  
?AVCMozilla@@  
?AVCMssql@@  
?AVCOutlook@@  
?AVCVault@@
```

Initial Access

Defense Evasion

Command and Control

Discovery

Credential Access

Lateral Movement

Collection / Exfiltration

Lateral Movement

Initial Access

Defense Evasion

Command and Control

Discovery

Credential Access

Lateral Movement

Collection / Exfiltration

- Copy components to the target machine over admin share and create scheduled task or service by schtasks.exe and sc.exe

Copy LODEINFO components and create scheduled task

```
> copy SfsDllSample.exe \\<IP>\c$\windows\temp\SfsDllSample.exe
> copy SfsDll132.dll \\<IP>\c$\windows\temp\SfsDll132.dll
> copy vcruntime140.dll \\<IP>\c$\windows\temp\vcruntime140.dll
```



Copy NOOPDOOR components and create scheduled task

```
> copy mssitlb.xml \\<IP>\C$\Windows\system32\UIAnimation.xml
> copy ShiftJIS.dat \\<IP>\C$\Windows\system32\ComputerToastIcon.contrast-white.dat
```

```
<Location>\Microsoft\Windows\Media Center\PBDADiscoveryW3</Location>
<ItemName></ItemName>
<LaunchString>"C:\Windows\Microsoft.NET\Framework64\v4.0.30319\MSBuild.exe" C:\Windows\system32\UIAnimation.xml</LaunchString>
```

Collection / Exfiltration



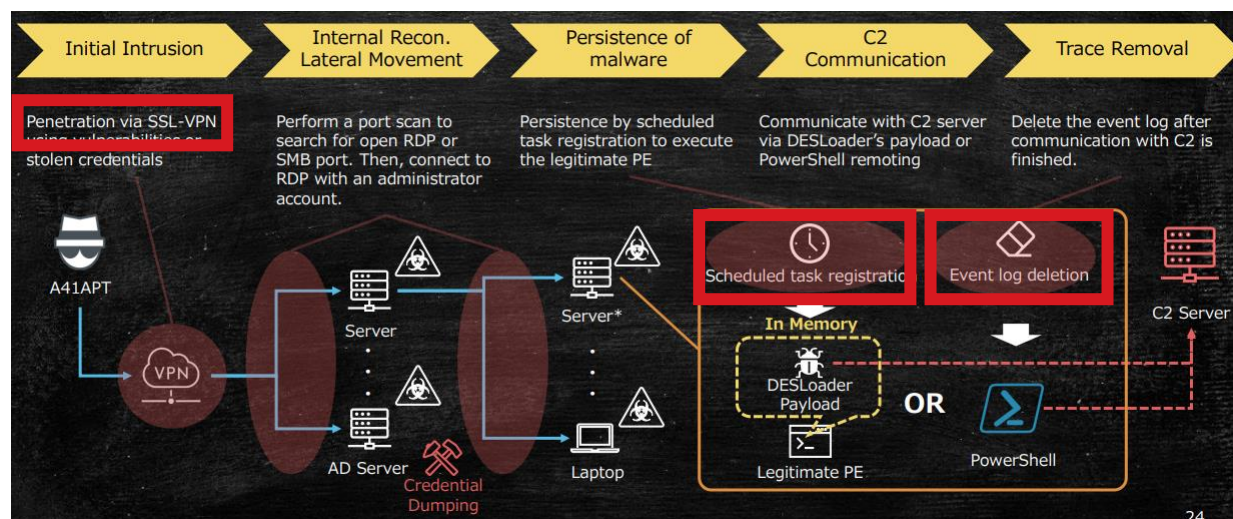
- Gathering information, including ntds.dit, SYSTEM hive and other data, in single victim machine and compress them by makecab

```
> makecab system  
> makecab ntds.dit  
> makecab people.txt
```

- Exfiltrate interesting files and archives over RDP (tsclient is a source host connecting RDP)

```
\\tsclient\C\aaa\All PC List.xlsx  
\\tsclient\C\aaa\All IP List.xlsx  
\\tsclient\C\aaa\Network Diagram.xlsx
```

TTPs Overlaps in the Known A41APT Campaign



Network scanning and RDP

- After the intrusion by SSL-VPN, perform internal network scanning to find open port RDP (3389/TCP) and SMB (445/TCP).
- Use an administrator account to deploy RDP to servers with free RDP.

Exp. server types that are frequently compromised by RDP

AD server
File server
Anti Virus management server
Backup server
Print server
FAX server

Credential theft

- Run **csvde.exe**, a CSV export command line tool provided by Microsoft.
- Execute AdFind provided by joeware.
- Dump of SYSTEM/SECURITY/SAM hive etc.

AdFind

Summary

Command line Active Directory tool, dsquery, and dsget tool good measure. This tool pre-adopt some of the useful stu

https://www.joeware.net/freetools/tools/adfind/

Csvde

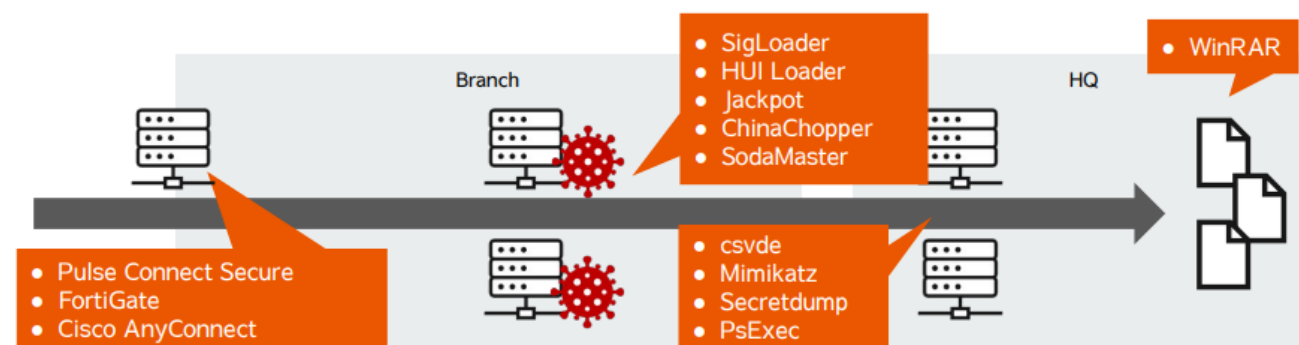
08/31/2016 - 5 minutes to read

Applies To: Windows Server 2003, Windows Server 2008, Windows Server 2003 R2, Windows Server 2008 R2, Windows Server 2012, Windows Server 2003 with SP1, Windows 8

Imports and exports data from Active Directory Domain Services (AD DS) using files that store data in the comma-separated value (CSV) format. You can also support batch operations based on the CSV file format standard.

https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/previous-versions/windows/it-pro/windows-server-2012-r2-and-2012/cc732101(v=ws.11)

https://jsac.jpCERT.or.jp/archive/2021/pdf/JSAC2021_202_niwa-yanagishita_en.pdf



https://jsac.jpCERT.or.jp/archive/2022/pdf/JSAC2022_9_yanagishita-tamada-nakatsuru-ishimaru_en.pdf

Spot the Difference of Campaigns

	A41APT Campaign	LODEINFO Campaign #1	LODEINFO Campaign #2
Attribution	Earth Tenshe	Earth Kasha	Earth Kasha
Timeline	2020 ~ 2021	2019 ~	2023 ~
Region	Japan, Taiwan, Thailand and United States (but main target is the entity in Japan)	Japan	Japan, Taiwan and India
Industry	private sector including electronics, energy, automotive, defense industries	public sector, individuals associated international affairs, politicians and researchers in academic sector	- private sector including manufacturing and aviation - Hi-tech related organizations - government agencies
TTPs	- Exploit public-facing application - DLL Side-Loading - MS13-098/CVE-2013-3900 to embed encrypted payload	- Spear-phishing email - DLL Side-Loading - MS13-098/CVE-2013-3900 to embed encrypted payload	- Exploit public-facing application - DLL Side-Loading - MS13-098/CVE-2013-3900 to embed encrypted payload
Tools	- SigLoader - HUI Loader - SodaMaster - P8Rat - FYAnti - Cobalt Strike - Jackpot	- LODEINFO - NOOPDOOR - DOWNIISSA - Lilim RAT - MirrorStealer	- LODEINFO - NOOPDOOR - Cobalt Strike - MirrorStealer

Malware Analysis in the New Campaign

Malwares

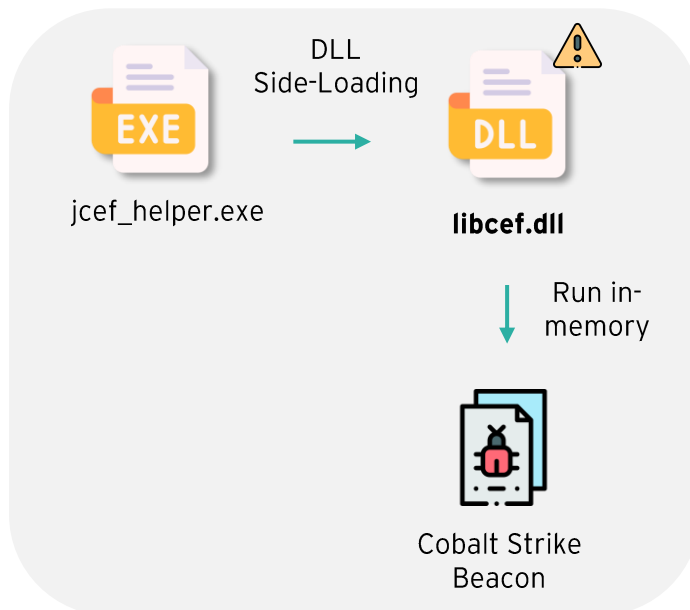
- Shellcode Loaders
 - GOSICLOADER / BINSOUT / POWERPROVIDER
- LODEINFOLDER / LODEINFO
- NOOPLDR / NOOPDOOR

Shellcode Loaders

- We have observed several types of shellcode loaders

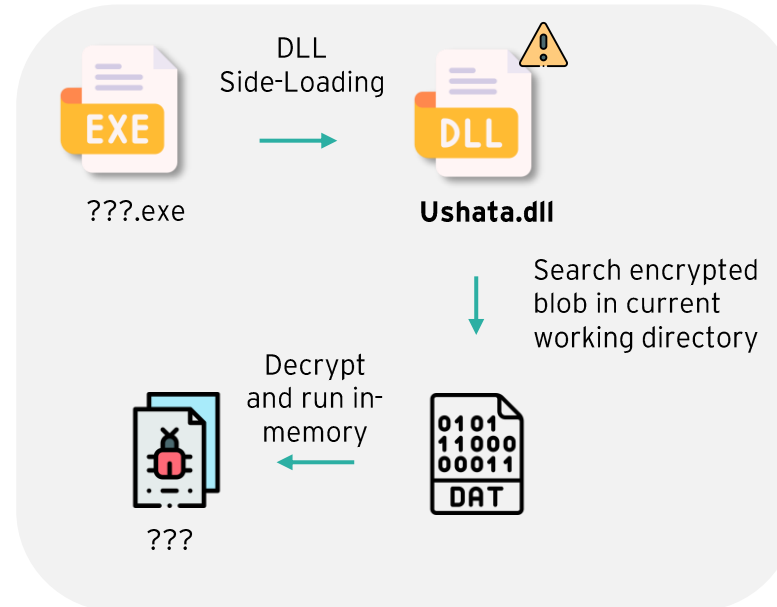
GOSICLOADER

- written in Go
- Decrypt the embedded payload by Base64+AES



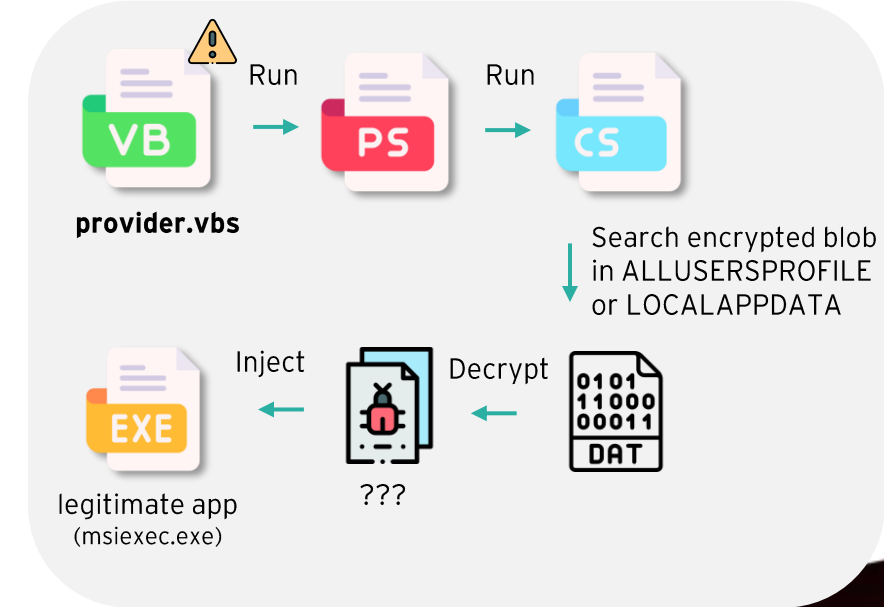
BINSCOUT

- written in C, partially obfuscated
- Decrypt the encrypted payload in CWD by custom algorithm
- Use CRC32 checksum to verify



POWERPROVIDER

- VBS -> PS -> C#
- Decrypt the encrypted payload in another directory by RC4
- Delete "Windows PowerShell" event log



Cracked version of Cobalt Strike

- Based on the embedded watermark, it could possible be a cracked version of Cobalt Strike aka CSAgent, which is shared among Chinese-speaking hacking community

Config in Cobalt Strike

```
Watermark_Hash - MYhXSMGVvcr7PtOTmdABvA=  
Watermark      - 666666
```

CSAgent config described in the hacking community blog in Chinese

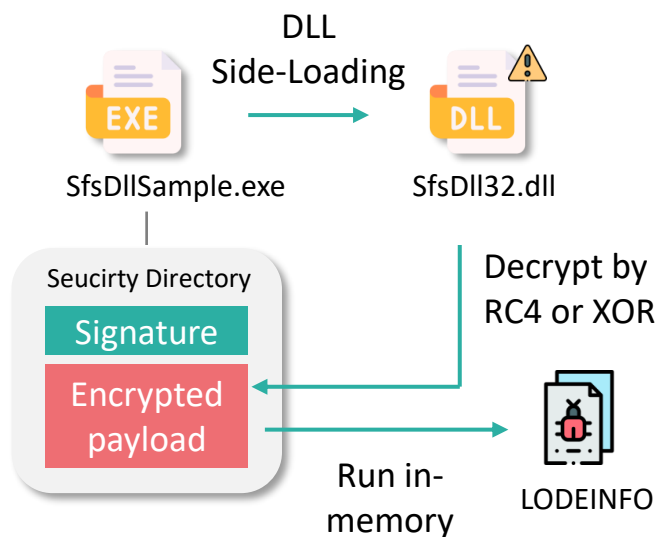
另外, CSAgent这个版本更新了配置方式, 现在将配置统一放到CSAgent.properties文件里

```
1 sleeved.decryption.key=f38eb3d1a335b252b58bc2acde81b542  
2 beacon.watermark.value=666666  
3 beacon.watermark.hash=MYhXSMGVvcr7PtOTmdABvA==  
4 # 翻译开关, 是否启用翻译功能, 值: Y/N  
5 need.translation=Y  
6 # 是否只使用翻译功能, 用于加载自己魔改过的版本, 值: Y/N  
7 translation.only=N
```

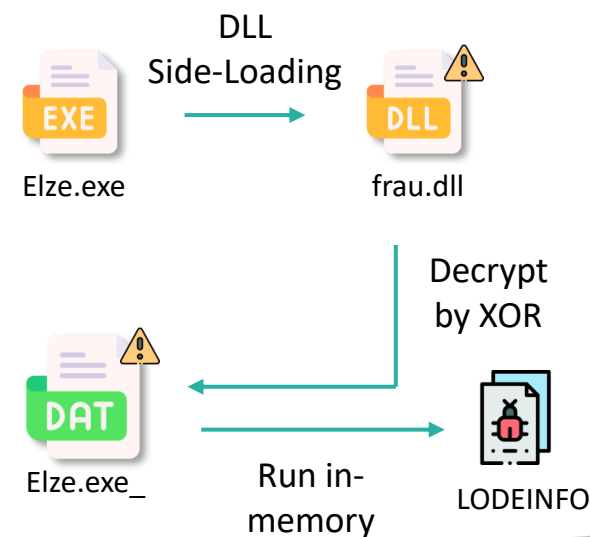

LODEINFOLDER Type 2 (aka FaceLoader)

- LODEINFO observed in Campaign #2 is loaded by LODEINFOLDER Type 2
- Type 2 is different from Type 1 (in Campaign #1) on how to embed and decrypt LODEINFO
- Type 2 decrypts an encrypted payload embedded in a parent process' digital signature abusing MS13-098/CVE-2013-3900

LODEINFOLDER Type 2 loading process



LODEINFOLDER Type 1 loading process



```

cmp     dword ptr [esi+ebx], IMAGE_NT_SIGNATURE
jnz     loc_1000ADA5
mov     ecx, [esi+ebx+98h] ; ecx = RVA of Security Directory
add     ecx, ebx           ; ecx = offset to Secutiry Directory
mov     edx, [ecx]         ; edx = size of signature
mov     eax, [edx+ecx-4] ; eax = offset to encrypted payload
sub     edx, eax           ; edx = size of added data behind legitimate sig
lea     ebx, [eax+ecx] ; ebx = calc offset to encrypted payload
lea     ecx, [edx-4]       ; ecx = calc actual size of payload by -4 which is a size of offset to payload
mov     [ebp+p_enc], ebx
movzx   eax, byte ptr [ecx+ebx-1]
sub     ecx, eax
mov     eax, [ebp+var_10]
push    ecx
mov     [eax], ecx
call    call_new

```

Offset	Name	Value
28200	Length	28E98
28204	Revision	200
28206	Type	2
28208	Cert. Content	8230, 2A42, 906,...

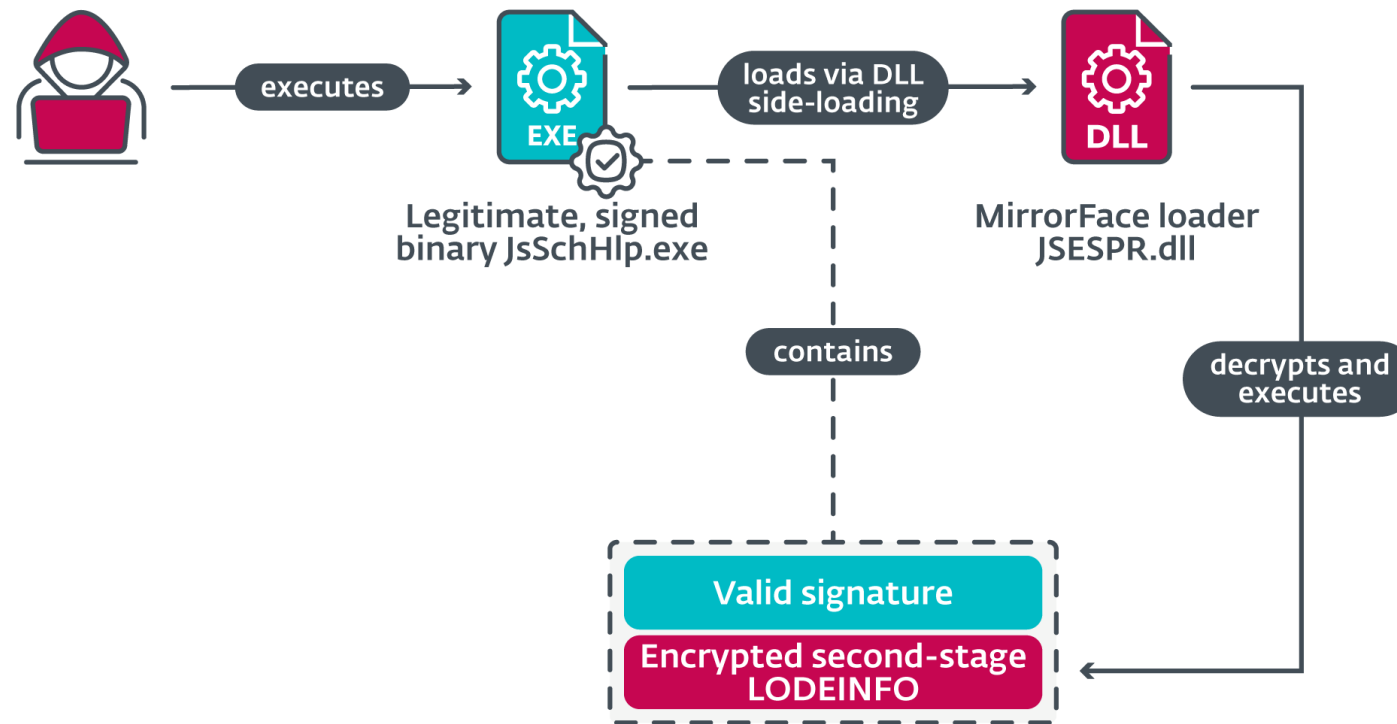
Offset(h)	00	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	0A	0B	0C	0D	0E	0F	Decoded text
00051050	67	2B	99	A9	AA	63	82	96	6C	D1	8E	18	E9	19	3C	C2	g+™@*c,-1ÑŽ.é.<Â
00051060	EE	A5	E0	39	9E	81	0F	62	A0	FF	A0	72	80	DB	6C	03	i¥à9ž..b ŷ rēŮl.
00051070	95	A4	4A	BD	C9	9A	D4	0B	1D	AF	65	D2	4A	2B	49	80	•«J«ÉšŌ..¯eŌJ+I€
00051080	49	E6	51	40	A4	DE	DC	8F	C7	41	76	E4	18	C5	F7	64	IæQ@«PŮ.ÇAvà.Â+d
00051090	98	03	03	03	38	42	00	00									~...8B..



Offset(h)	00	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	0A	0B	0C	0D	0E	0F	Decoded text
0002C3F0	EA	5A	AF	18	80	1E	8C	B8	05	69	B5	A3	9F	C5	91	EC	èZ¯.€.€.ipéŸÂ'i
0002C400	3D	04	3D	C0	97	B2	6F	B5	DD	5D	54	64	97	4A	B7	18	-.=À-°ouÝ]Td-J..
0002C410	72	10	42	0A	0A	0A	0A	0A	0A	0A	0A	0A	0A	0A	0A	0A	r.Bz..VÁ™+ŌidR.Y
0002C420	1B	E9	38	87	9B	60	45	56	96	7F	35	7A	CB	E7	42	98	.é8+>`EV-.5zĚqB~
0002C430	D4	7B	38	50	F9	65	00	00	44	99	58	44	91	B4	34	8A	Ō{8Pùe..D™XD`´4Š
0002C440	AE	E7	24	F3	39	F9	95	ED	D3	7E	76	7E	56	BC	7B	69	@çšó9ù•iŌ~v~V«{i
0002C450	65	25	BB	C9	38	45	5B	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	eš»É9&W»E.ProcÇE
0002C460	94	65	73	73	20	C7	45	98	25	75	20	65	C7	45	9C	78	"ess ÇE~šu eÇEæx
0002C470	69	74	20	C7	45	A0	77	69	FA	29	B9	CB	ED	9C	97	36	it ÇE wiú)´Ěia-6
0002C480	2D	B9	63	23	92	1D	2C	EE	4D	A9	D3	31	95	D4	85	7E	-³c#'.iMŌŌl•Ō...~
0002C490	EE	CD	6D	60	AE	75	D5	39	38	E5	16	7D	D9	7C	3F	FD	iÍm`@uŌ98â.}Ů ?ý
0002C4A0	1A	F3	E0	75	65	75	65	75	65	75	65	75	65	75	65	75	.óàu^,ÆÇ.4á%.€.N
0002C4B0	7D	54	33	39	8E	87	98	DC	C9	34	4E	7B	B8	52	99	05	}T39žž~ŮÉ4N{.R™.
0002C4C0	F9	1C	96	0F	04	DC	5D	00	76	D5	86	D7	81	23	A8	AC	ù.-...Ů].vŌ+×.#~
0002C4D0	2A	46	F6	C4	37	52	71	18	54	79	40	D3	7F	5C	8E	56	*FôÄ7Rq.Ty@Ō.\ŽV

LODEINFOLDER Type 2

- Looks like LODEINFOLDER Type 2 is same as the loader of LODEINFO used in LiberalFace Campaign



<https://www.eset.com/jp/blog/welivesecurity/unmasking-mirrorface/>

LODEINFO

- We have observed **v0.6.9**, **v0.7.1**, **v0.7.2** and **v0.7.3** in Campaign #2

v0.6.9	v0.7.1	v0.7.2	v0.7.3
• command • ls • rm • mv • cp • cat • mkdir • send • recv • memory • kill • cd • ver • print • ransom (not implemented) • comc • config • pkill • ps • keylog • autorun	• command • ls • rm • mv • cp • cat • mkdir • send • recv • memory • kill • cd • ver • print • ransom (not implemented) • comc • config • pkill • ps • keylog • autorun • runas	• command • ls • rm • mv • cp • cat • mkdir • send • recv • memory • kill • cd • ver • print • ransom (not implemented) • comc • config • pkill • ps • keylog • autorun • runas	• command • ls • rm • mv • cp • cat • mkdir • send • recv • memory • kill • cd • ver • print • ransom (not implemented) • comc • config • pkill • ps • keylog • autorun • runas

Variant of LODEINFO

- LODEINFO observed in Campaign #2 can be distinguished from LODEINFO that was used in Initial Access in Campaign #1
 - support to run DLL in memory without backdoor command
 - support to run shellcode in memory without backdoor command
- ESET distinguishes this type of LODEINFO as “**The 2nd stage LODEINFO**”

1st stage LODEINFO

```
if ( a1 )
{
    v1 = (_DWORD *)a1[1];
    v2 = *a1;
    v3 = (_DWORD *)v1[2];
    v5 = v3;
    if ( *v3 )
    {
        init_encstr_table(v6, v2);
        if ( process_backdoor_command(v6, (int)v1 ) )
            *(_DWORD *)(*v1 + 40) = (*(int (**)(void))(v2 + 160))();
        sub_10B25(v6);
        v3 = v5;
    }
    (*(void (__cdecl **)(__DWORD *)))(v2 + 104))(v3);
    (*(void (__cdecl **)(__DWORD *)))(v2 + 104))(v1);
    (*(void (__cdecl **)(int *)))(v2 + 104))(a1);
}
```

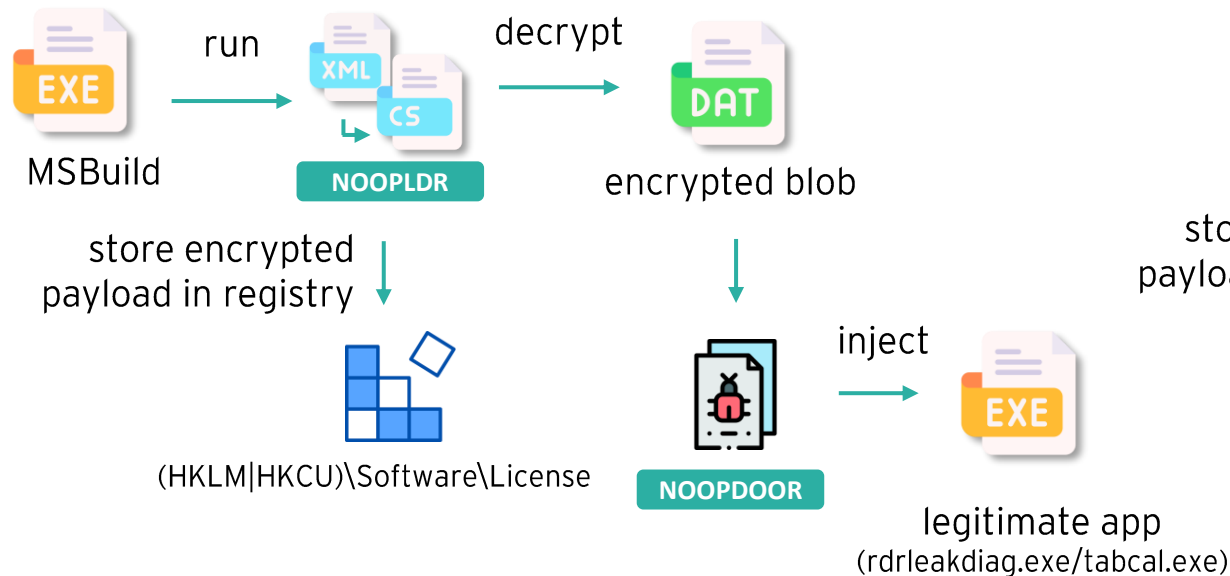
2nd stage LODEINFO's backdoor command process routine

```
if ( v4 == 'M' && *(v15 + 5) == 'Z' )    // run DLL
{
    v13 = v1;
    v6 = sub_6615(v5, v3, v15);
    v7 = v6;
    if ( v6 )
    {
        if ( *(v6 + 20) )
        {
            strcpy(v14, "MyExpFunc");
            v8 = (sub_2485)(v6, v14);
            if ( v8 || (v8 = (sub_2485)(v7, 0)) != 0 )
                v8(0);
        }
        else
        {
            v11 = *(v6 + 36);
            if ( v11 && *(v7 + 24) )
                v11();
        }
    }
}
else
{
    if ( v4 != 0xE9 )    // process backdoor commands
    {
        init_encstr_table(v16, v1);
        v9 = v12;
        if ( (process_backdoor_command)(v12) )
            *(*v12 + 40) = (*(v1 + 160))();
        sub_6245(v16);
        goto LABEL_11;
    }
    v13 = 0;
    if ( (*(v1 + 52))(v5, v3, 64, &v13) )
    {
        *v5 = 0xE9;
        v5(0);    // run shellcode
    }
}
```

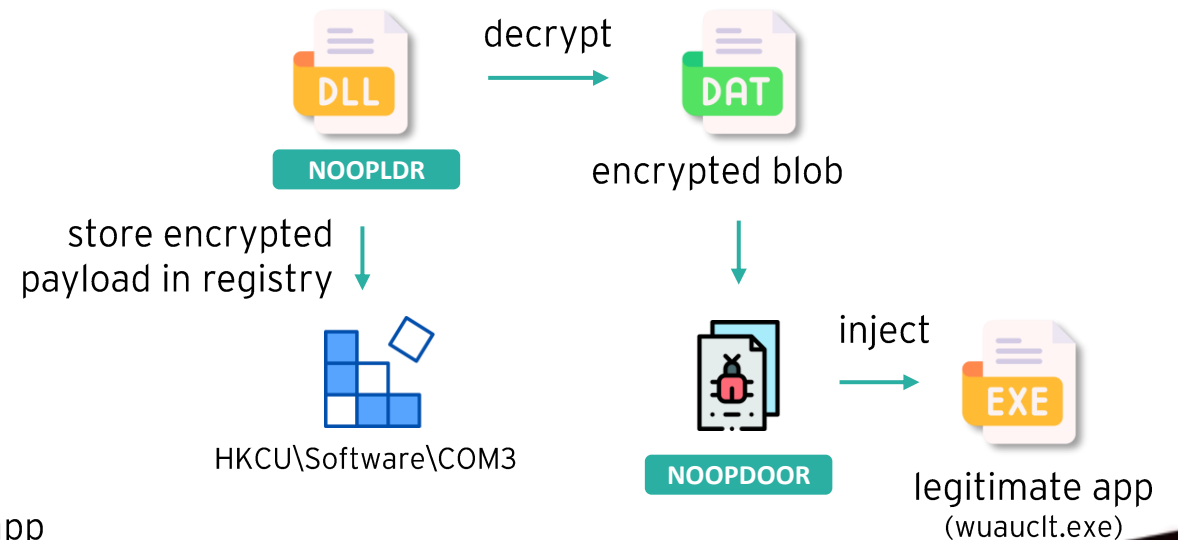
NOOPLDR (aka FakeXInjector)

- Custom loader of NOOPDOOR
- We have observed 2 types of NOOPLDR, which is totally different (XML vs DLL), but both types implement similar strategy to decrypt/store the encrypted payload with using the Device ID of the machine

NOOPLDR Type 1 (XML/C#)



NOOPLDR Type 2 (DLL)



NOOPLDR (XML/C#)

MSBuild task containing
obfuscated C# to load NOOPDOOR

[illegible]

1. Get MachineId value (=machine Device ID)
 - HKLM\Software\Microsoft\SQMClient\MachineId
2. Read encrypted payload from registry
 - HKCU\Software\License\{HEX}
3. Decrypt by AES128-CBC with key generated by SHA384 of MachineId + computer name
4. Inject the decrypted shellcode into legitimate app (rdrleakdiag.exe/tabcal.exe)

NOOPLDR (DLL)

- Designed to be registered as a Windows Service
- Implements stealthy techniques
 - Control Flow obfuscation
 - Junk codes
 - String encoding with XOR
 - Syscall on process injection

Control Flow obfuscation and junk codes

00007FFC790C9D10	48:894C24 08	mov qword ptr ss:[rsp+8],rcx	
00007FFC790C9D15	48:895424 10	mov qword ptr ss:[rsp+10],rdx	
00007FFC790C9D1A	4C:894424 18	mov qword ptr ss:[rsp+18],r8	
00007FFC790C9D1F	4C:894C24 20	mov qword ptr ss:[rsp+20],r9	
00007FFC790C9D24	48:83EC 28	sub rsp,28	
00007FFC790C9D28	B9 83285041	mov ecx,41502883	
00007FFC790C9D2D	E8 1C120200	call symsrv.7FFC790EAF4E	
00007FFC790C9D32	48:83C4 28	add rsp,28	
00007FFC790C9D36	48:8B4C24 08	mov rcx,qword ptr ss:[rsp+8]	
00007FFC790C9D3B	48:8B5424 10	mov rdx,qword ptr ss:[rsp+10]	
00007FFC790C9D40	4C:8B4424 18	mov r8,qword ptr ss:[rsp+18]	
00007FFC790C9D45	4C:8B4C24 20	mov r9,qword ptr ss:[rsp+20]	
00007FFC790C9D4A	4C:8BD1	mov r10,rcx	
00007FFC790C9D4D	0F05	syscall	NtWriteVirtualMemory
00007FFC790C9D4F	C3	ret	

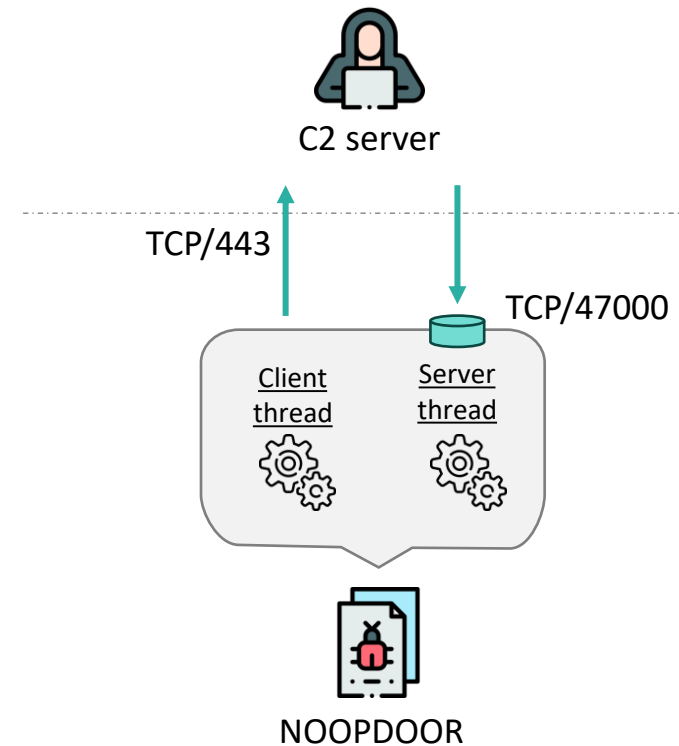
```
__int64 __fastcall sub_7FFAF2FC0AE0(LPCSTR lpSrc, __int64 a2, size_t a3, const CHAR *a4)
{
    // [COLLAPSED LOCAL DECLARATIONS. PRESS KEYPAD CTRL-"+" TO EXPAND]
    v58 = -618811393;
    v7 = 127828533;
    while ( 1 )
    {
        while ( 1 )
        {
            while ( 1 )
            {
                while ( 1 )
                {
                    while ( v7 <= -30399256 )
                    {
                        if ( v7 > -1095341677 )
                        {
                            if ( v7 <= -558330022 )
                            {
                                if ( v7 <= -802998124 )
                                {
                                    if ( v7 <= -947375653 )
                                    {
                                        if ( v7 > -1031782135 )
                                        {
                                            if ( v7 <= -982615776 )
                                            {
                                                if ( v7 <= -1004288705 )
                                                {
                                                    if ( v7 <= -1015941117 )
                                                    {
                                                        if ( v7 == -1031782134 )
                                                        {
                                                            v7 = -338262518;
                                                        }
                                                        else
                                                        {
                                                            v223 = PtrInRect(0i64, 0i64);
                                                            v7 = -398545418;
                                                        }
                                                    }
                                                }
                                            }
                                        }
                                    }
                                }
                            }
                        }
                    }
                }
            }
        }
        if ( v7 == -1015941116 )
        {
            v7 = -11980009038;
        }
        else if ( v7 == -1009911998 )
        {
            v7 = 363348955;
        }
        else
        {
            v7 = 608672795;
        }
    }
}
```

```
while ( 1 )
{
    IsIntEqualA = StrIsIntEqualA(0, 0i64, 0i64, 0);
    v2 = 0i64;
    switch ( IsIntEqualA )
    {
        case 0i64:
            break;
        case 1i64:
            LoadCursorW(0i64, 0i64);
            v3 = !PtInRect(0i64, 0i64);
            v2 = 0i64;
            switch ( v3 )
            {
                case 0i64:
                    BroadcastSystemMessageExA(0, 0i64, 0, 0i64, 0i64, 0i64);
                    PrettyW = PathMakePrettyW(0i64);
                    v2 = 0i64;
                    switch ( PrettyW )
                    {
                        case 0i64:
                            goto LABEL_6;
                        case 1i64:
                            v2 = 1i64;
                            break;
                    }
                    break;
                case 1i64:
                    goto LABEL_6;
            }
            break;
    }
}
LABEL_6:
switch ( v2 )
{
    case 0i64:
        while ( 1 )
        {
            v5 = 0i64;
            switch ( StrIsIntEqualA(0, 0i64, 0i64, 0) )
            {
                case 0:
                    break;
            }
        }
    }
}
```

NOOPDOOR (aka HiddenFace)

- 64-bit modvable backdoor over TCP with proxy support
- NOOPDOOR is probably designed as the further payload of LODEINFO
- Capabilities
 - Client thread: polling C&C server (main thread)
 - Run program
 - Upload/Download file
 - Change timestamp of specific file
 - Read specific file (%SystemRoot%\System32\msra.tlb)
 - Server thread: listening on TCP/47000
 - Run program
 - Upload/Download file
 - Change working directory
 - Execute shellcode

NOOPDOOR is basically active backdoor
but also supports passive backdoor



DGA

- NOOPDOOR's C&C server will be generated based on the current time, therefore it can be changed everyday (by default, but domain's lifespan can be changed based on the seed URL)

e.g. [http://\\$j\[.srmbr.com:443/#180](http://$j[.srmbr.com:443/#180)

action	example
1. Calculate the today's FILETIME and get the lower 4 bytes	2023/12/01 00:00:00 -> 0x365692200 -> 0x65692200
2. If the seed URL contains "#<NUM>", calculate NUM * the value in Step #1 // NUM	0x65692200 -> 0x650a3600
3. If the seed URL contains "[]", replace it with the current hostname	hxxp://\$j[TEST].srmbr[.]com:443/#180
4. Calculate SHA256 of the value in Step #3 in little endian	217826c36e994d097eadcf856fdcadb21372e5a0845e496dbb6015e1a8d42867
5. Calculate SHA512 of the hash in Step #4 + seed URL	dd5b50e5e0405a221fc3c45f8d40ae37733f190b62e2b64e5de10cd190224453d90eaf...
6. Base64 encode the value in Step #5 and get the first 17 bytes	3VtQ5eBAWiIfw8RfjUCuN3M/GQti4rZOXeEM0ZAiRFPZDq8hG4tUb0ce7kFR4zdmLx+XTZe2ZOP...
7. Remove digits and symbols, and make it lower letter	3VtQ5eBAWiIfw8Rfj -> VtQeBAWiIfwRfj -> vtqebawiiwrfj
8. Remove adjacent duplicated letters	vtqebawiiwrfj -> vtqebawifwrfj
9. Replace "\$<KEY>" with the generated string	hxxp://vtqebawifwrfj[.]srmbr[.]com:443/

"#<NUM>" and "[]" is optional, and the letter in "\$<KEY>" can be changed

NOOPDOOR vs. ANEL Loader

- ANEL is a 32bit backdoor used by APT10 in 2017~2019
- We confirmed that there're several code similarities between NOOPDOOR and ANEL Loader
- We guess the author(s) of NOOPDOOR and ANEL Loader might be same individual or share TTPs/tools

	NOOPDOOR	ANEL
timeline	2021~	2017~2019
arch	64bit	32bit
form	shellcode	shellcode (Loader) -> DLL
protocol	TCP	HTTP

NOOPDOOR vs. ANEL Loader (#2)

- API hashing algorithm is same
 - both uses ROR7 + 4bytes XOR
 - XOR key is different for each API

NOOPDOOR

```
BYTE __fastcall find_api(PBYTE dllbase, int hash)
{
    imports *import_table; // r13
    IMAGE_NT_HEADERS *v5; // rcx
    __int64 v6; // rdx
    unsigned int v7; // ebp
    __int64 v8; // rdi
    __int64 v9; // r14
    BYTE *i; // rsi
    BYTE *c; // rcx
    int value; // eax
    __int64 v14; // r8

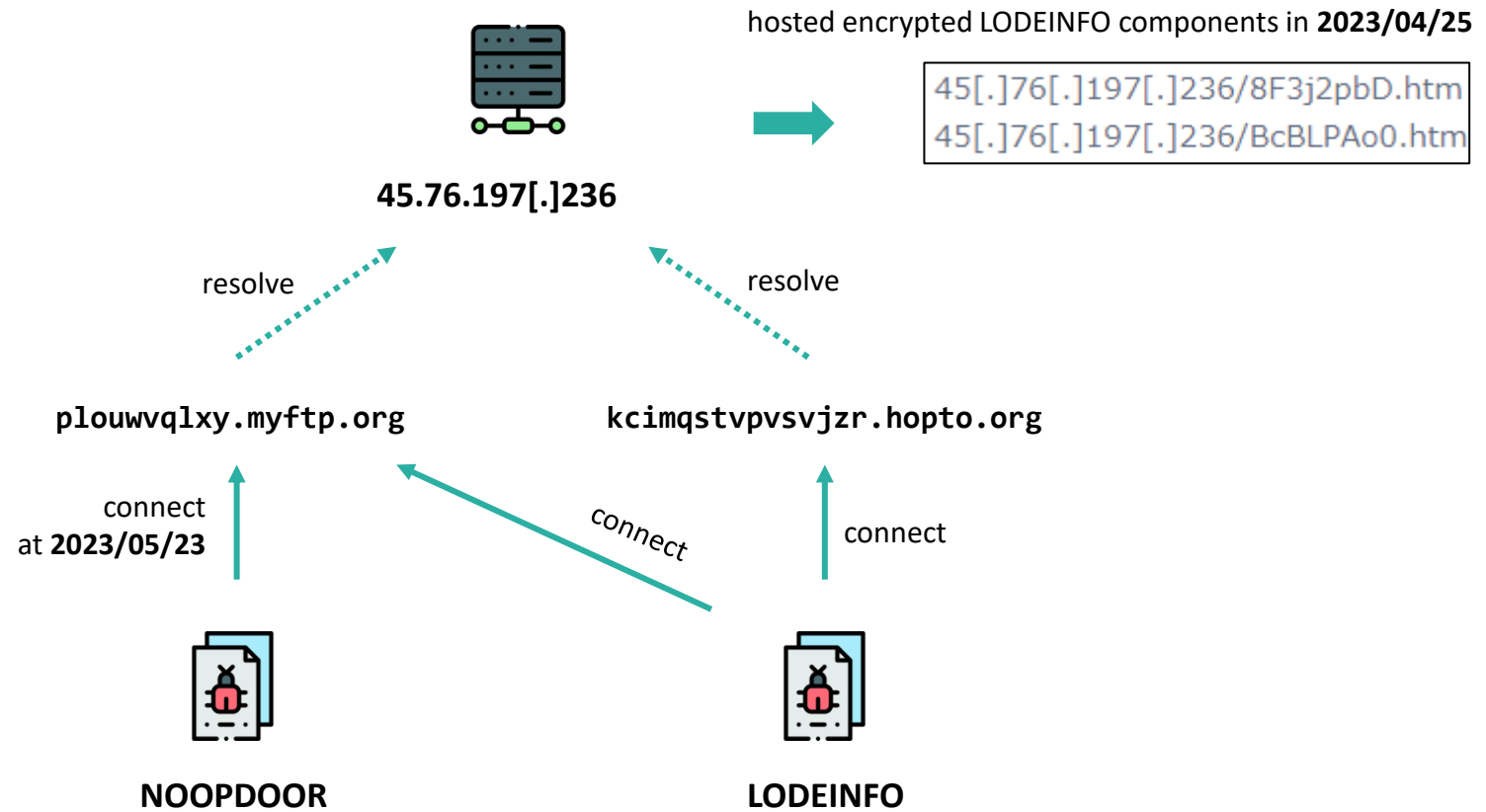
    import_table = get_import_table();
    if ( !dllbase )
        return 0i64;
    if ( *dllbase != 'ZM' )
        return 0i64;
    v5 = *(dllbase + 15);
    if ( !*dllbase[v5 + 140] )
        return 0i64;
    v6 = *dllbase[v5 + 136];
    if ( !v6 )
        return 0i64;
    v7 = *dllbase[v6 + 24];
    v8 = 0i64;
    if ( !v7 )
        return 0i64;
    v9 = *dllbase[v6 + 32];
    for ( i = &dllbase[v9]; i += 4 )
    {
        c = &dllbase[*i];
        value = *c ? ror4_7bit(c + 1, *c) : 0;
        if ( !(hash ^ value ^ 0x3B4055) )
            break;
        v8 = (v8 + 1);
        if ( v8 >= v7 )
            return 0i64;
    }
    if ( import_table->kernel32_GetProcAddress )
        return (import_table->kernel32_GetProcAddress)(dllbase, &dllbase[*dllbase[4 * v8 + v9]]);
    v14 = *dllbase[*dllbase + 15] + 136;
    return &dllbase[*dllbase[4 * *dllbase[2 * v8 + *dllbase[v14 + 36]] + *dllbase[v14 + 28]]];
}
```

ANEL Loader

```
char __cdecl find_api(char *a1, int a2)
{
    int v3; // eax
    int v4; // esi
    char *v5; // esi
    char *j; // ebx
    char *i; // ebx
    int (__stdcall *v10)(char *, int); // [esp+8h] [ebp-Ch]
    int v11; // [esp+Ch] [ebp-8h]
    char *v12; // [esp+1Ch] [ebp+8h]

    v11 = 0;
    if ( a1 )
    {
        if ( *a1 == 'ZM' )
        {
            v3 = *(a1 + 15);
            if ( *&a1[v3] == 'EP' )
            {
                if ( *&a1[v3 + 124] )
                {
                    v4 = *&a1[v3 + 120];
                    if ( v4 )
                    {
                        v5 = &a1[v4];
                        if ( *(v5 + 6) )
                        {
                            v10 = *sub_5();
                            v12 = 0;
                            if ( v10 == 0x90909090 )
                            {
                                if ( *(v5 + 6) )
                                {
                                    for ( i = &a1[*v5 + 8]; ror4_7bit(0, &a1[*i]) != (a2 ^ 0x70C157); i += 4 )
                                    {
                                        if ( ++v12 >= *(v5 + 9) )
                                            return v11;
                                    }
                                    return &a1[*&a1[4 * *&a1[2 * v12 + *(v5 + 9)] + *(v5 + 7)]];
                                }
                            }
                        }
                    }
                }
            }
            else if ( *(v5 + 6) )
            {
                for ( j = &a1[*v5 + 8]; ror4_7bit(0, &a1[*j]) != (a2 ^ 0x70CC57); j += 4 )
                {
                    if ( ++v12 >= *(v5 + 6) )
                        return v11;
                }
                return v10(a1, *(v5 + 4) + *&a1[2 * v12 + *(v5 + 9)]);
            }
        }
    }
    return v11;
}
```

Infra Overlap with NOOPDOOR and LODEINFO

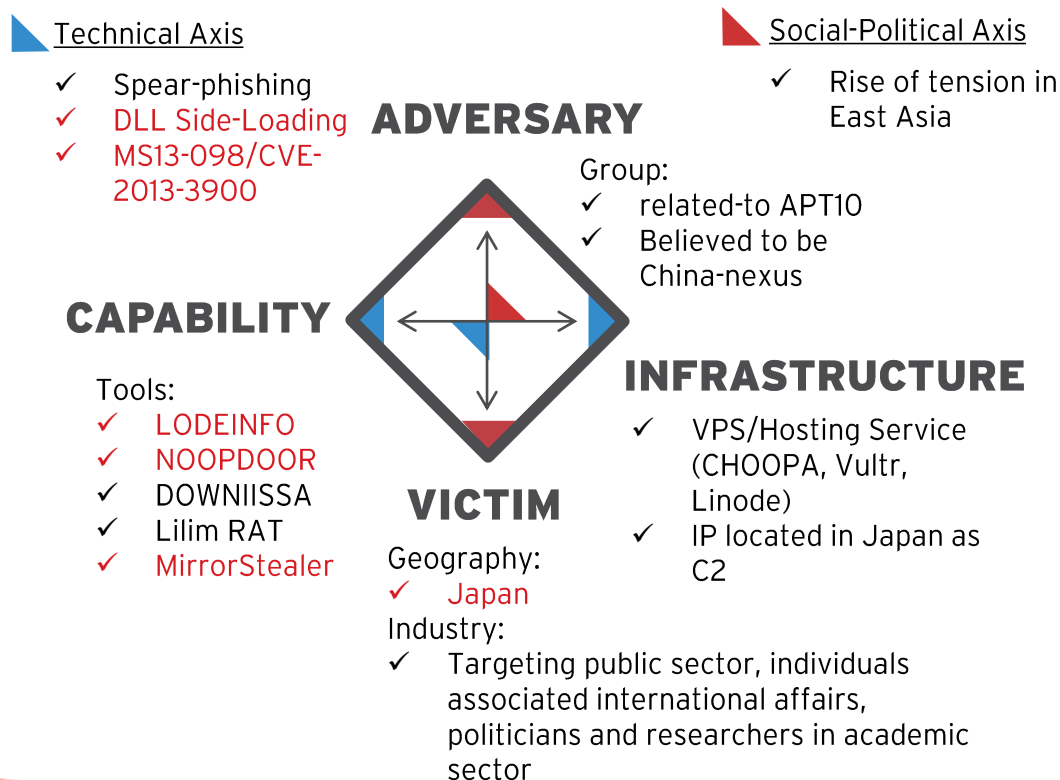


Attribution and Insights

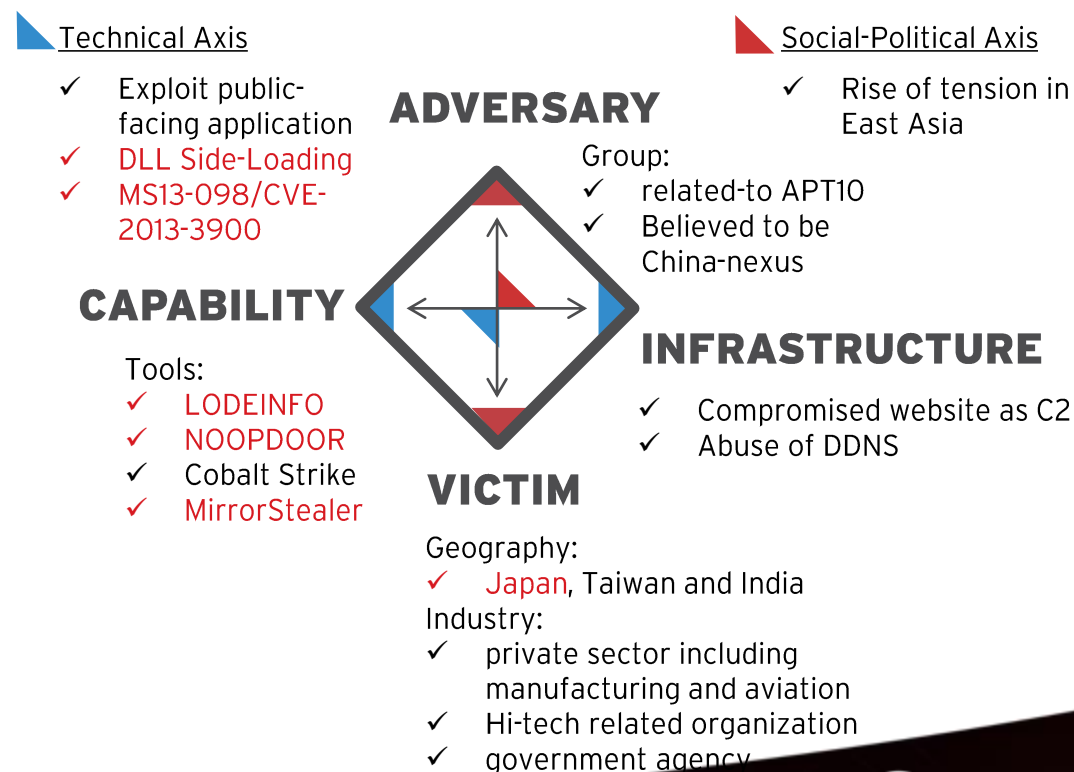
Diamond Model Comparison (Two LODEINFO Campaigns)

- Since no strong inconsistency, we believe the same group has updated TTPs in 2023

LODEINFO Campaign #1



LODEINFO Campaign #2



Diamond Model Comparison (Earth Tengshe vs. Earth Kasha)

- No overlaps in Capability, but many overlaps in TTPs of Pre/Post-Exploitation

A41APT Campaign

Technical Axis

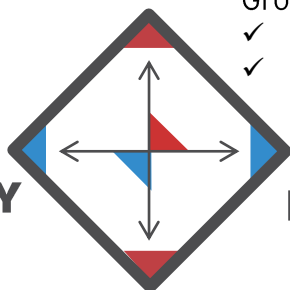
- ✓ Exploit public-facing application
- ✓ DLL Side-Loading
- ✓ MS13-098/CVE-2013-3900
- ✓ Lateral Movement via RDP
- ✓ Defensive Evasion by wevutil
- ✓ Collection by csvde
- ✓ Credential Access by registry hive

Social-Political Axis

- ✓ Rise of tension in East Asia

ADVERSARY

- Group:
- ✓ related-to APT10
 - ✓ Believed to be China-nexus



CAPABILITY

Tools:

- ✓ SigLoader
- ✓ HUI Loader
- ✓ SodaMaster
- ✓ P8Rat
- ✓ FYAnti
- ✓ Cobalt Strike
- ✓ Jackpot

INFRASTRUCTURE

- ✓ Heavy use of IP address as C2

VICTIM

Geography:

- ✓ Japan, Taiwan, Thailand and United States (but main target is entity in Japan)

Industry:

- ✓ Targeting private sector, including electronics, energy, automotive, defense industries

LODEINFO Campaign #2

Technical Axis

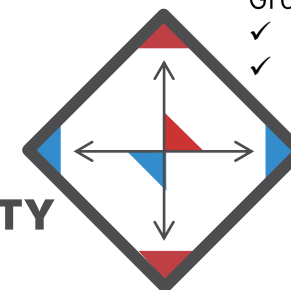
- ✓ Exploit public-facing application
- ✓ DLL Side-Loading
- ✓ MS13-098/CVE-2013-3900
- ✓ Lateral Movement via RDP
- ✓ Defensive Evasion by wevutil
- ✓ Collection by csvde
- ✓ Credential Access by registry hive

Social-Political Axis

- ✓ Rise of tension in East Asia

ADVERSARY

- Group:
- ✓ related-to APT10
 - ✓ Believed to be China-nexus



CAPABILITY

Tools:

- ✓ LODEINFO
- ✓ NOOPDOOR
- ✓ Cobalt Strike
- ✓ MirrorStealer

INFRASTRUCTURE

- ✓ Compromised website as C2
- ✓ Abuse of DDNS

VICTIM

Geography:

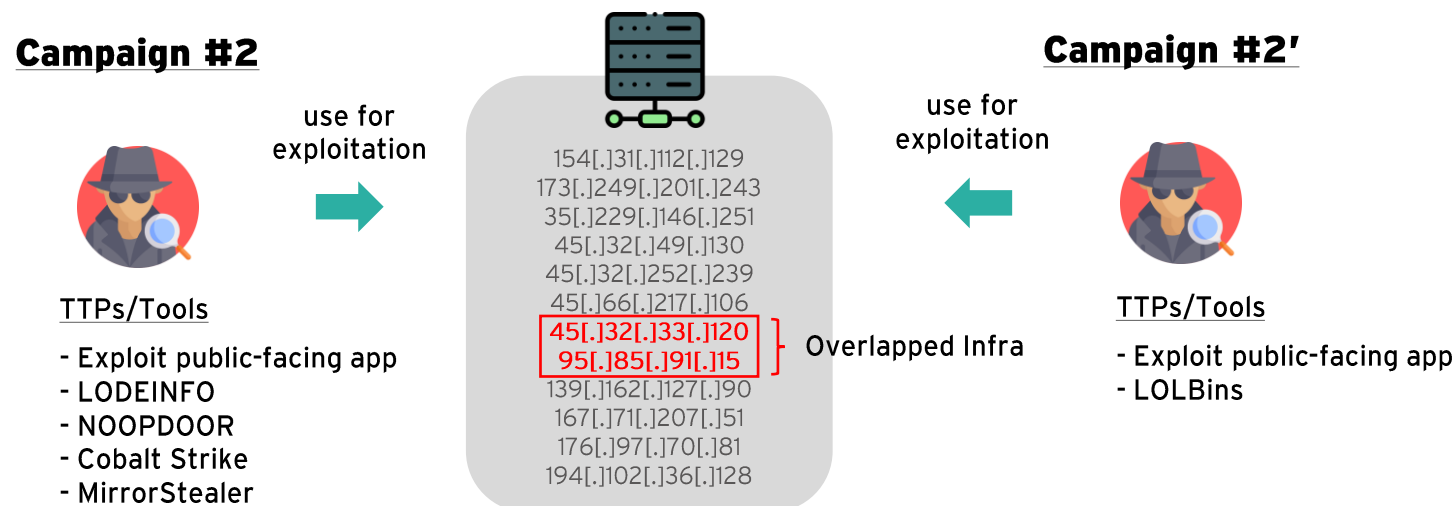
- ✓ Japan, Taiwan and India

Industry:

- ✓ private sector including manufacturing and aviation
- ✓ Hi-tech related organization
- ✓ government agency

Yet another campaign by Earth Kasha? Or another attacker?

- We observed several incidents that use infrastructure common to “LODEINFO Campaign #2”, but NO malware was used



Assumption

1. Malware such as LODEINFO and NOOPDOOR might possibly be shared with other groups?
2. There might possibly be a team focusing on initial compromise (like access broker)?

Other Related Groups and Campaigns?

- Several vendors reported the same exploits were abused in near timeline
 - Microsoft reported Volt Typhoon also employs FortiOS/FortiProxy (CVE-2023-27997)
 - <https://www.microsoft.com/en-us/security/blog/2023/05/24/volt-typhoon-targets-us-critical-infrastructure-with-living-off-the-land-techniques/>
 - LAC reported multiple campaigns abusing Array AG (CVE-2023-28461) and Citrix (CVE-2023-3466, CVE-2023-3467, CVE-2023-3519)
 - https://www.lac.co.jp/lacwatch/pdf/20231108_Isi_vol6.pdf



No overlaps in toolsets and TTPs in Post-Exploitation
thus, these exploits were possibly shared among several groups

Conclusion

Summary

- We believe Earth Kasha has been deploying the new campaign with updated malware and different TTPs
 - Observed overlaps in terms of TTPs with Earth Tengshe's campaign and overlaps in terms of malwares with the previous Earth Kasha's campaign
 - This could indicate that two groups, who both are believed to be related to APT10 Umbrella, might possibly be accorporating or sharing TTPs and tools
 - Furthermore, exploits could possibly be shared among Chinese actors not only APT10 Umbrella

Recommendation

- Review possible Attack Surface of your network
- Use IoC and Yara in Appendix for threat hunting



Thank you

Appendix

IoC #1

SHA256	malware
9c681493c81581995e6a48b96411a7004fe77558d7ca863e26398538ad78f385	NOOPLDR (DLL)
8574a494425825958c1e978ca7f66a467954fa90c7c898eebac49928519f0eae	LODEINFOLDER (Type 2)

domain/IP	malware	comment
ns1[.]tlsart[.]com	Cobalt Strike	
{DGA}[.]hopto[.]org	NOOPDOOR	DDNS, blocking all sub-domains is not recommended
{DGA}[.]gotdns[.]ch	NOOPDOOR	DDNS, blocking all sub-domains is not recommended
{DGA}[.]myftp[.]org	NOOPDOOR / LODEINFO	DDNS, blocking all sub-domains is not recommended
{DGA}[.]tw8sl[.]com	NOOPDOOR	
{DGA}[.]srmbr[.]com	NOOPDOOR	
45[.]76[.]197[.]236	NOOPDOOR / LODEINFO	IP related to domain used by NOOPDOOR and LODEINFO

IoC #2

observed filepath	malware
C:\Windows\System32\hello.xml	NOOPLDR
C:\Windows\System32\hello.bin	encrypted NOOPDOOR
C:\Windows\System32\stdole2.xml	NOOPLDR
C:\Windows\system32\certmgr.dat	encrypted NOOPDOOR
C:\Windows\System32\C_G18030.xml	NOOPLDR
C:\Windows\system32\C_950.dat	encrypted NOOPDOOR
C:\Windows\System32\UIAnimation.xml	NOOPLDR
C:\Windows\System32\ComputerToastIcon.contrast-white.dat	encrypted NOOPDOOR
C:\Windows\System32\mssitlb.xml	NOOPLDR
C:\Windows\System32\ShiftJIS.dat	encrypted NOOPDOOR
C:\Windows\System32\HashtagDS.xml	NOOPLDR
C:\Windows\Microsoft.NET\Framework64\v4.0.30319\WsatConfig.dat	encrypted NOOPDOOR
C:\Windows\System32\capisp.xml	NOOPLDR
C:\Windows\System32\ddrawex.dat	encrypted NOOPDOOR
C:\Windows\System32\symsrv.dll	NOOPLDR
C:\Windows\System32\symstore.exe_config	encrypted NOOPDOOR

observed filepath	malware
C:\Windows\Branding\shellbrd\tedutil.dll	LODEINFOLDER
C:\Windows\Temp\SfsDll32.dll	LODEINFOLDER
C:\Windows\Temp\JSESPR.dll	LODEINFOLDER
C:\Windows\Temp\K7AVWScn.dll	LODEINFOLDER
C:\Windows\Temp\libcef.dll	GOSICLOADER
C:\Windows\Temp\Ushata.dll	BINSCOUT
C:\Windows\DiagTrack\provider.vbs	POWERPROVIDER
%Temp%\31558.txt	output of MirrorStealer

IoC #3

value	type
\Microsoft\Windows\Media Center\PBDADiscoveryW3	Scheduled Task name related to NOOPDOOR
\Microsoft\Windows\Media Center\PBDADiscoveryW4	Scheduled Task name related to NOOPDOOR
\Microsoft\Windows\Media Center\Presentation	Scheduled Task name related to NOOPDOOR
msupdate	Service name related to NOOPDOOR
(HKLM HKCU)\Software\License	Registry key that contains encrypted NOOPDOOR
HKCU\Software\COM3	Registry key that contains encrypted NOOPDOOR

Notable Event Log

- Event Id: 2004
- Source: Microsoft-Windows-Windows Firewall with Advanced Security
- Description: A rule has been added to the Windows Firewall exception list.
- RuleName = 'Cortana' AND LocalPorts = 47000
 - NOOPDOOR adds a new rule "Cortana" in local Firewall setting to allow incoming connection to port 47000 for passive mode

RuleName	Cortana
Origin	1
ApplicationPath	
ServiceName	
Direction	1
Protocol	6
LocalPorts	47000
RemotePorts	*
Action	3
Profiles	1
LocalAddresses	*
RemoteAddresses	*
RemoteMachineAuthorizationList	
RemoteUserAuthorizationList	
EmbeddedContext	
Flags	1
Active	1
EdgeTraversal	0
LooseSourceMapped	0
SecurityOptions	0
ModifyingUser	S-1-5-18
ModifyingApplication	C:\Windows\System32\rdleakdiag.exe
SchemaVersion	538
RuleStatus	65536

Yara Rules

We will release a blog
with Yara rule soon

```
rule Trojan_LODEINFOLDER_generic
{
  meta:
    Author = "Trend Micro"
    Created_Time = "2024-01-26"
  strings:
    $chunk_1 = {
      8A 02
      34 ??
      88 01
      8A 42 01
      34 ??
      88 41 01
      8A 42 02
      34 ??
      88 41 02
      8A 42 03
      34 ??
      88 41 03
      8A 42 04
      34 ??
      88 41 04
      8A 42 05
      34 ??
      88 41 05
      8A 42 06
      34 ??
      88 41 06
      8A 42 07
      34 ??
      88 41 07
      8B C1
      C6 41 08 00
    }
  condition:
    uint16(0) == 0x5A4D and
    all of them
}
```

```
rule Trojan_NOOPLDR_xml
{
  meta:
    Author = "Trend Micro"
    Created_Time = "2024-01-26"
  strings:
    $s1 = "<Code Type=\"Class\" Language=\"cs\"><![CDATA[using "
    $s2 = "Software\\\\\\\\Microsoft\\\\\\\\SQMClient"
    $s3 = ".GetValue(\"MachineId\").ToString()"
    $s4 = "SHA384.Create();"
    $s5 = "new byte[32];Array.Copy("
    $s6 = "new byte[16];Array.Copy("
  condition:
    all of them
}
```

```
rule Trojan_NOOPLDR_dll
{
  meta:
    Author = "Trend Micro"
    Created_Time = "2024-01-26"
  strings:
    $chunk_1 = {
      48 8D 05 ?? ?? ?? ??
      48 8D 0D ?? ?? ?? ??
      0F B6 0C 0E
      32 0C 06
      0F B6 D1
      48 8D 8D ?? ?? ?? ??
      E8 ?? ?? ?? ??
    }

    $chunk_2 = {
      3D ?? ?? ?? ??
      7E ??
      3D ?? ?? ?? ??
      7F ??
      3D ?? ?? ?? ??
      0F 84 ?? ?? ?? ??
      3D ?? ?? ?? ??
      75 ??
      B8 ?? ?? ?? ??
      EB ??
    }

  condition:
    uint16(0) == 0x5A4D and
    all of them
}
```